

United States Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

INSPECTION REPORT

RBRANDES
2996 cust_id
191195 insp_id
8087 site_id

MITCHEL KALMANSON

Customer ID: 2996 Certificate: 58-C-0505

Site: 001

MITCHEL KALMANSON

Inspection

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: MAR-31-2003

33432 C.R. 437 SORRENTO, FL 32776

2.40

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Each exhibitor shall establish and maintain programs of adequate veterinary care that include:

- (1) The availability of appropriate facilities, personnel, equipment, and services to comply with the provisions of this subchapter:
- (2) The use of appropriate methods to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injuries, and the availability of emergency, weekend, and holiday care;

The dogs have varying degrees of dental tartar and calculus buildup. If left untreated, and allowed to continue, periodontal disease will develop leading to tooth loss and systemic disease.

Have your attending veterinarian examine each animal, & treat accordingly. Consideration should be given to dental scaling & developing a plan which may help to prevent further calculus buildup.

Correct by April 10, 2003

2.75

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

Every exhibitor shall make, keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose the following information concerning animals other than dogs and cats, purchased or otherwise acquired, owned, held, leased, or otherwise in his or her possession or under his or her control, or which is transported, sold, euthanized, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer or exhibitor. The records shall include any offspring born of any animal while in his or her possession or under his or her control.

- (i) The name and address of the person from whom the animals were purchased or otherwise acquired;
- (ii) The USDA license or registration number of the person if he or she is licensed or registered under the Act;
- (iii) The vehicle license number and state, and the driver's license number and state of the person, if he or she is not licensed or registered under the Act;
 - (iv) The name and address of the person to whom an animal was sold or given;
 - (v) The date of purchase, acquisition, sale, or disposal of the animal(s);
 - (vi) The species of the animal(s); and

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(vii) The number of animals in the shipment.

The acquisition information for the giraffe could not be located. All acquisition & disposition information shall be readily

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Date:

Title:

VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER, Inspector ID: 2002

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Date:

Title

APR-01-2003



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available.

3.6 (c)(1)(ii) PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

Each dog housed in a primary enclosure (including weaned puppies) must be provided a minimum amount of floor space, calculated as follows: Find the mathematical square of the sum of the length of the dog in inches (measured from the tip of its nose to the base of its tail) plus 6 inches; then divide the product by 144. The calculation is: (length of dog in inches + 6) \times (length of dog in inches + 6) \times required floor space in square inches. Required floor space in inches/144 \times required floor space in square feet.

The interior height of a primary enclosure must be at least 6 inches higher than the head of the tallest dog in the enclosure when it is in a normal standing position.

Tina measured 32" from the tip of her nose to the base of her tail. The amount of floor space required is 32' + 6"=38", 38" x 38" = 1444 sq. inches. Her enclosure measures 40" 27"=1160 sq inches. An additionsal 284 sq. in (1.97 sq. ft.) is required. In addition there was less than 6 inches between the top of the dog's head and the interior height of the enclosure.

This dog was removed to a compliant enclosure. Ensure that all dogs have the minimum required amount of space

No further correction necessary

3.81

ENVIRONMENT ENHANCEMENT TO PROMOTE PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING.

Exhibitors must develop, document, and follow an appropriate plan for environment enhancement adequate to promote the psychological well-being of nonhuman primates.

A enrichment plan has been developed and approved by the attending veterinarian. Part of the plan indicates (for example) that the chimps will be taken out of their enclosures 2-3 times a day. On the day of the inspection the chimps remained in the enclosures. Other portions of the plan were also not observable.

Implimentation of the plan as written must be DOCUMENTED onto a written record (or log). If the plan is not being implimented (ie: inclement weather) this shall also be noted together with the reason why,

Correct by April 2, 2003

3.127 (d)

FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

On or after May 17, 2000, all outdoor housing facilities (i.e., facilities not entirely indoors) must be enclosed by a perimeter fence that is of sufficient height to keep animals and unauthorized persons out. Fences less than 8 feet high for potentially dangerous animals, such as, but not limited to, large felines (e.g., lions, tigers, leopards, cougars, etc.) must be approved in writing by the Administrator. The fence must be constructed so that it protects the animals in the facility by restricting animals and unauthorized persons from going through it or under it and having contact with the animals in the facility, and so that it

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can function as a secondary containment system for the animals in the facility. It must be of sufficient distance from the outside of the primary enclosure to prevent physical contact between animals inside the enclosure and animals or persons outside the perimeter fence. Such fences less than 3 feet in distance from the primary enclosure must be approved in writing by the Administrator.

The exercise area, and a portion of the ring area do not have an 8 foot perimeter fence. A 8 foot fence is required around these two areas. In lieu of an 8 foot fence, appropriate alternative security measures can be instituted. These security measures will have to be evaluated & approved by the Raleigh Regional Office.

Correct by May 1, 2003

3.130

WATERING.

All water receptacles shall be kept clean and sanitary.

The three large concrete pools of water in the tiger enclosures have accumulations of stagnant, green, slimy, algae growth. These pools of water shall be drained & cleaned more often to prevent disease and reduce mosquito breeding areas.

Correct by April 3, 2003

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